## **Grade 10 FCAT Mathematics Reference Sheet**

Α	r	e	a

Triangle  $A = \frac{1}{2}bh$ 

Trapezoid  $A = \frac{1}{2}h(b_1 + b_2)$ 

Parallelogram A = bh

Circle  $A = \pi r^2$ 

Regular Polygon  $A = \frac{1}{2}aP$ 

KEY			
b = base	d = diameter		
h = height	r = radius		
l = length	A = area		
w = width	C = circumference		
$\ell$ = slant height	V = volume		
S.A. = surface area	B = area of base		
L.A. = lateral area	P = perimeter		
a = apothem	-		
Use 3.14 or $\frac{22}{7}$ for $\pi$ .			

#### Circumference

$$C = \pi d$$
 or  $C = 2\pi r$ 

## Volume/Capacity



Right Circular Cone

$$V = \frac{1}{3}Bh$$

 $S.A. = \frac{1}{2}(2\pi r)\ell + B$ 

**Total Surface Area** 



Right Square Pyramid

$$V = \frac{1}{3}Bh$$

 $S.A. = B + \frac{1}{2} P\ell$ 



Sphere

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

 $S.A. = 4\pi r^2$ 



Right Circular Cylinder

$$V = Bh$$

 $S.A. = 2\pi rh + 2B$ 



Rectangular Prism

$$V = Bh \text{ or } V = bwh$$

S.A. = L.A. + 2B or 2bh + 2bw + 2hw

In the following formulas, n represents the number of sides.

- In a polygon, the sum of the measures of the interior angles is equal to 180(n-2).
- In a regular polygon, the measure of an interior angle is equal to  $\underline{180(n-2)}$ .

# **Grade 10 FCAT Mathematics Reference Sheet**

Slope formula

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

where m = slope and  $(x_1, y_1)$  and  $(x_2, y_2)$  are points on the line.

Slope-intercept form of an equation

$$y = mx + b$$

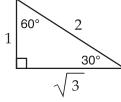
where m = slope and b = the y-intercept.

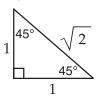
Point-slope formula

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

where m = slope and  $(x_1, y_1)$  is a point on the line.

Special Triangles





Distance between two points

$$P_1(x_1, y_1)$$
 and  $P_2(x_2, y_2)$ :

$$\sqrt{(x_2-x_1)^2+(y_2-y_1)^2}$$

Midpoint between two points

$$P_1(x_1, y_1)$$
 and  $P_2(x_2, y_2)$ :

$$\left(\frac{x_2 + x_1}{2}, \frac{y_2 + y_1}{2}\right)$$

Quadratic formula

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

where a, b, and c are coefficients in an equation of the form  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ .

Trigonometric Ratios



$$\sin A^{\circ} = \frac{\text{Opposite}}{\text{Hypotenuse}}$$

$$\cos A^{\circ} = \frac{\text{Adjacent}}{\text{Hypotenuse}}$$

$$an A^{\circ} = \frac{Opposite}{Adjacent}$$

### **Conversions**

1 yard = 3 feet = 36 inches

1 mile = 1,760 yards = 5,280 feet

1 acre = 43,560 square feet

1 hour = 60 minutes

1 minute = 60 seconds

1 liter = 1000 milliliters = 1000 cubic centimeters

1 meter = 100 centimeters = 1000 millimeters

1 kilometer = 1000 meters

1 gram = 1000 milligrams

1 kilogram = 1000 grams

1 cup = 8 fluid ounces

1 pint = 2 cups

1 quart = 2 pints

1 gallon = 4 quarts

1 pound = 16 ounces

1 ton = 2,000 pounds