Visiting a Museum

Cultivating imaginative minds in the museum can be fun. Try these activities while observing artifacts. These activities are designed to develop our senses of observation, encourage minds to wander and create. All the activities may be done individually or in groups.

The activities re divided into seven categories with several sample questions:

Compare and Contrast
Analysis
Elaboration
Fluency
Originality
Evaluation
Flexibility
Every Pupil Respond Method

Compare and Contrast

The ability to see similarities and differences between two or more concepts.

How are these two objects different from one another?

How is this painting like a party, song, mathematical formula...?

Compare and contract the techniques used in two art works.

Compare paintings from two different time periods.

How is this artifact like a puzzle?

In what says do these two objects relate to one another?

Analysis

The ability to take part and understand the interrelationships and structures of the whole.

Name one thing you could delete from this painting that would not alter the artist's intent.

Pretend you are an archaeologist in the future who is observing this object. What would you be able to conclude about the culture of the past?

What element is the artist emphasizing in this painting?

In what ways is this painting consistent with the information a camera portrait would give us?

Why do you think this artwork is valued?

What does this object tell us about the artist's attitude toward war, life...?

Elaboration

The ability to expand and embellish ideas with intensive detail.

Select one or more musical pieces to accompany this object.

Expand the title or name of this object into a detailed sentence or paragraph.

Write a sales talk to convince someone to purchase this object.

Describe the setting in which you might find this object.

Pretend you are character in this painting. Tell us as much as you can about your life.

Fluency

The ability to produce a quantity of possibilities, ideas, consequences, or products.

List our feelings about this subject.

What different kinds of textures can you find in this object?

List the occupations of people who might use or study this object.

List all the objects you can find in this artwork.

Originality

The ability to produce unusual, unique, or highly personal responses, ideas, or solutions.

Write a short poem about this object.

If this object could fly, where would it go?

Create a short news report about what is happening in this painting.

If this object could talk, what would you ask it? Invent a game to accompany this object.

Make up a short story about this object.

Evaluation

The ability to draw conclusions by interpreting data and appraising alternatives.

Which object do you like the least and what are the strengths of your least favorite?

Which tells you more about a person: a photograph or a painting?

Which painting would your parents choose to have in their home?

Which object will be of greatest value in a hundred years? Why?

List the objects in order of their importance or usefulness.

Which object took the most time and effort to produce?

Flexibility

The ability to view something in many different ways with a variety of ideas or products.

Who would you choose to give this artwork to and why?

If you were going to paint this picture, what tools other than a brush might you use?

If you could change one thing in this painting, what would it be?

List the sounds you hear in this painting.

If this painting were a dance, book, play, what would it be?

List the character or traits of the artiest who created this.

The Every Pupil Respond Method

After careful observation of the objects or artwork, the students place tokens near the objects to represent conclusions and preferences. As students discuss the exhibit they are encouraged to express feelings and observations about the objects or artwork.

Tokens:

1. Heart – Your Favorite

The heart represents the painting or object you like the most. You should be able to explain why you like this particular object.

2. House – Your Parents Favorite

The house represents the artwork or object that your parents would chose to put in their home. This may or may not be the same object you chose for the heart.

3. Yuk! – Your Least Favorite

The yuk represents the object or artwork that you like the least.

4. Clock – Production Time

The clock signifies the object of artwork which you think took the longest to produce.

5. Dollar Bill – Greatest Value

The dollar bill designates the object or artwork which you think would be worth the most money.

6. Blue Ribbon – Professional Choice

The blue ribbon represents the object or artwork that professional artists or others would consider to be the most valuable.